

APPROVED BY

Deputy Chairman
of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation

(position)

(signature) (initials, surname)

_____, 20__

Seal of the Central Bank of the Russian
Federation

**CHARTER
of Sberbank of Russia**

Approved
by the Annual General Meeting of
Shareholders
Minutes No. ____ dated _____ 2021

Moscow
2021

Chapter 1. General Provisions

1.1. Sberbank of Russia, hereinafter referred to as the "Bank", is a lending organization.

The Bank was established and named "Joint-Stock Commercial Savings Bank of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic", "Sberbank of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic", in accordance with General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated March 22, 1991 (Minutes No. 1).

In accordance with the General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated May 20, 1992 (Minutes No. 2), the Bank names were replaced with "Joint-Stock Commercial Savings Bank of the Russian Federation" and "Sberbank of Russia".

In accordance with the General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated May 23, 1996 (Minutes No. 8), the Bank name was changed to "Joint-Stock Commercial Savings Bank of the Russian Federation (Open Joint-Stock Company)", and "Sberbank of Russia".

In accordance with the General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated June 21, 2002 (Minutes No. 14), the short name was changed to "Sberbank of Russia OJSC".

In accordance with the General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated June 4, 2010 (Minutes No. 23), the Bank names were changed to "Open Joint-Stock Company Sberbank of Russia" and "Sberbank of Russia OJSC".

In accordance with the General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution dated June 4, 2015 (Minutes No. 28), the Bank names were changed to "Open Joint-Stock Company Sberbank of Russia" and "Sberbank of Russia OJSC".

The Bank was established by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation hereinafter referred to as Bank of Russia.

1.2. Full company name of the Bank: Публичное акционерное общество «Сбербанк России».

Short company name of the Bank: ПАО Сбербанк.

Full company name of the Bank in English: Sberbank of Russia. Short company name of the Bank in English: Sberbank.

1.3. The Bank has a round seal with its full corporate name in Russian, which specifies the location, stamps, letterheads with its name, as well as trademark registered in the prescribed manner and other means of individualization.

1.4. The Bank has the exclusive right to use its corporate name, trademark, and emblem (logo).

1.5. The Bank forms part of the banking system of the Russian Federation, and it abides in its activity by federal laws and other regulatory legal acts including regulations of the Bank of Russia, and this Charter.

1.6. The Bank is a legal entity, and it has branches and other separate divisions.

The Bank owes its separate property and is liable for its debts with it; can have civil rights and obligations to perform any activities not prohibited by law.

1.7. The Bank is a commercial organization aimed mainly at profit earning in performing its activity in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation including banking operations.

1.8. The Bank performs banking operations under appropriate licenses issued by the Bank of Russia in the manner established by federal law.

The Bank can perform certain activities under federal laws on the basis of the appropriate licenses, membership in self-regulatory organizations, or a license for a particular activity granted by a self-regulatory organization.

1.9. Corporate governance of the Bank is represented by: General Meeting of Shareholders, Supervisory Board of the Bank, collegial executive body (Executive Board of the Bank), one-person executive body (CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank).

1.10. Shareholders of the Bank may include legal entities and individuals, including foreign ones, subject to the legislation of the Russian Federation.

1.11. Shareholders of the Bank shall not be liable for the Bank's obligations, and they shall bear the risk of loss associated with its activity to the extent of the value of their shares.

The Bank shall not be liable for the obligations of its shareholders.

1.12. The Bank shall be responsible for its obligations with all of its property.

1.13. The Bank shall not be liable for the obligations of the Government or its authorities. The Bank shall return deposits of individuals in the manner provided by federal laws.

1.14. The Bank shall not be liable for the obligations of the Bank of Russia. The Bank of Russia shall not be liable for the obligations of the Bank unless the Bank of Russia has assumed such obligations.

1.15. The Bank and its branches are independent of governmental authorities or local authorities when they adopt resolutions.

Legislative and executive bodies, and local authorities have no right to interfere with the Bank's activity unless if stipulated by federal laws.

1.16. The Bank may be a member (founder) of another business partnership or company, both in and outside the Russian Federation, subject to the legislation of the Russian Federation or foreign state where the organization is located unless otherwise stipulated by international treaties of the Russian Federation.

1.17. The Bank may establish branches and open representative offices in the Russian Federation in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation.

Branches, representative offices and other divisions of the Bank are not legal entities.

1.18. Branches are established, and representative offices are opened by the Bank outside the Russian Federation in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation and the legislation of the foreign state where branches and representative offices are located unless otherwise stipulated by international treaties of the Russian Federation.

1.19. Bank location: Russian Federation, Moscow.

Address of the Bank: 19 Vavilova St., Moscow, 117997, Russian Federation.

Chapter 2. Banking Operations and Other Transactions

2.1. The Bank performs the following banking operations:

- 1) attracting funds from individuals and legal entities (demand and term deposits)
- 2) placing funds attracted as specified above on the Bank's behalf and for its own account
- 3) opening and managing bank accounts of individuals and legal entities
- 4) transferring funds on the instructions of individuals and legal entities, including correspondent banks, over their bank accounts;
- 5) cash collection service in respect of funds, bills, payment and settlement documents, and providing cash services to individuals and legal entities
- 6) buying and selling cash and non-cash foreign currency
- 7) attracting precious metals from individuals and legal entities as deposits (term and demand deposits) except for coins made of precious metals
 - 7.1) placement of aforementioned precious metals on the Bank's behalf and for its own account
 - 7.2) opening and keeping bank accounts of individuals and legal entities in precious metals except for coins made of precious metals
 - 7.3) transferring funds on the instructions of individuals and legal entities, including correspondent banks, using their precious metal bank accounts
- 8) executing money transfers without opening bank accounts, including electronic money (except postal transfers)

The Bank may perform export and import operations for clients using various financial instruments as adopted in international bank practice.

The Bank performs operations with payment cards in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation and in the manner established by the Bank of Russia.

Fund transfers without opening bank accounts, except for electronic cash transfers, are carried out on the instructions of individuals.

2.2. Apart from banking operations, the Bank effects the following transactions:

- 1) issues guarantees for third parties that provide for the fulfillment of pecuniary obligations
- 2) acquires claims from third parties to fulfill pecuniary obligations

3) performs trust management of funds and other property under agreements concluded with individuals and legal entities

4) performs operations with precious metals, coins made of precious metals in accordance with the laws of the Russian Federation

5) leases out special-purpose premises and their safes for storing documents and valuables to individuals and legal entities

6) performs leasing operations

7) issues bank guarantees

8) provides consultancy and information services.

The Bank may effect other transactions in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation.

2.3. All banking operations and transactions are effected both in rubles and in foreign currency in accordance with federal laws and regulations of the Bank of Russia.

The Bank provides currency control for clients' operations, i.e. individuals and legal entities.

2.4. The Bank may issue, acquire, sell, account for, keep, and perform other operations with securities as payment documents, and with securities that confirm the raising of funds for deposits and on bank accounts, and with other securities.

2.5. The Bank may carry out professional activities on the securities market in accordance with federal laws.

2.6. The Bank shall ensure, within its cognizance, the protection of details constituting a state secret.

Chapter 3. Authorized capital

3.1. The authorized capital of the Bank amounts to RUB 67,760,844,000. The authorized capital of the Bank is comprised of the total amount of Bank shares at par purchased by shareholders.

3.2. The Bank offered 21,586,948,000 ordinary shares with a par value of RUB 3, and 1,000,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of RUB 3.

3.3. The authorized capital determines the minimum amount of property of the Bank to guarantee the interests of its creditors.

3.4. The par value of preferred shares offered shall not exceed 25% of the authorized capital of the Bank, except as otherwise specified by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

3.5. The Bank may offer ordinary shares in addition to those offered (authorized shares).

The limiting quantity of authorized ordinary shares is equal to 15,000,000,000 shares with a par value of RUB 3.

3.6. The authorized capital of the Bank may be increased in the manner provided by the legislation of the Russian Federation and by this Charter through:

1) increasing the par value of Bank shares using the Bank's property

2) offering additional shares by distributing such shares among shareholders using the Bank's property

3) offering additional shares by public subscription

4) offering additional shares by private subscription.

3.7. Offering of additional shares by the Bank is limited to authorized shares as specified in this Charter.

3.8. The authorized capital of the Bank may be decreased in the manner provided by the legislation of the Russian Federation and by this Charter through:

1) decrease of the nominal value of shares

2) acquisition of a certain part of shares by the Bank in order to reduce the total share quantity and redeem the acquired shares

3) redemption of the acquired shares.

3.9. If the Bank's equity (capital) is below its authorized capital based on results of a reporting month, the Bank is obliged to align the amount of the authorized capital and the amount of its equity (capital).

Chapter 4. Shares, Bonds and Other Equity Securities of the Bank

4.1. All shares of the Bank are registered.

4.2. The Bank offers ordinary shares and preferred shares of the same type, i.e. with obligatory payment of a certain dividend amounting to no less than 15 percent of the par value of the preference share.

4.3. The Bank may offer bonds and other equity securities as provided by the Russian law on securities, including offering outside the Russian Federation.

The Bank may offer bonds convertible into shares, and other equity securities convertible into shares.

4.4. Additional shares and other equity securities of the Bank offered through subscription are offered provided that they are paid in full.

4.5. The form of payment for additional shares is determined by the resolution to offer such shares. Other equity securities may be paid only in cash.

4.6. Transactions with shares and other equity securities of the Bank shall be effected in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation.

4.7. Shares of the Bank available to it do not carry voting rights and are neither considered in vote counting nor subject to the distribution of dividends.

4.8. The Bank's register of shareholders is kept by a registrar, professional securities market participant, on the basis of an agreement concluded with the Bank.

4.9. The Bank may acquire shares offered if the General Meeting of Shareholders resolves to decrease the amount of the authorized capital by acquiring a certain part of shares offered in order to reduce their total number.

The Bank may acquire shares offered by the Bank as resolved by the Supervisory Board of the Bank.

4.10. The Bank shall acquire shares offered in the manner provided by federal law.

4.11. Shares acquired upon the resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders to reduce the authorized capital by acquiring a certain part of shares offered in order to reduce their total quantity are paid off upon acquisition.

4.12. The Bank is obliged to buy out shares offered in the cases and in the manner provided by federal law.

Chapter 5. Rights and Obligations of Shareholders

5.1. Each ordinary share of the bank confers on its holder the same rights.

Shareholders holding ordinary shares, subject to federal law and this Charter, may attend the General Meeting of Shareholders with the right to vote on all matters within its competence, to receive dividends and, in case of the Bank's liquidation, the right to receive a share of its property.

5.2. Preferred shares of the same type confer on their holders the same rights and have the same nominal value.

The holders of preferred shares are entitled to dividends in the amount of at least 15 percent of the nominal value of a preference share.

The shareholders who own preferred shares have no right of vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders, unless otherwise established by a federal Law.

5.3. The holders of preferred shares attend the General Meeting of Shareholders with the right to vote where deciding on reorganization or liquidation of the Bank, on making amendments to the Bank's Charter to exclude any references to the Bank being an open society, and on relieving the Bank from the obligation to disclose and provide information provided by the legislation of the Russian Federation related to securities, as well as on matters that shall be decided unanimously by the shareholders of the Bank according to the federal law.

The holders of preferred shares have the right to vote where resolutions are adopted at the General Meeting of Shareholders to introduce amendments and supplements to this Charter restricting rights of the holders of preferred shares, including cases set out by a federal law. The resolution to introduce such amendments and supplements is deemed taken if it is voted for by at least three fourths of the holders of voting shares attending the General Meeting of Shareholders, except votes of the holders of preferred shares, for which rights are restricted, and three fourths of all holders of preferred shares, for which rights are restricted.

The holders of preferred shares of a particular type have the right to vote when deciding on application for the delisting of preferred shares of this type at the General Meeting of Shareholders. The said resolution is deemed adopted if it is voted for by at least three fourths of the holders of voting shares attending the General Meeting of Shareholders, except votes of the holders of preferred shares of this type, and three fourths of all holders of preferred shares of this type.

Holders of preferred shares of a particular type, for which the dividend amount is established in this Charter, except for holders of cumulative preferred shares, are entitled to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders and vote on all issues within its purview, starting from the meeting following the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders which, regardless of the reasons, did not pass a resolution on the dividend payout or passed a resolution to pay dividends on the preferred shares of this type in part. The right of holders of preferred shares of this type to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders terminates from the first payment of dividends on such shares in full.

5.4. A shareholder or a nominee of the Bank may request the registrar to confirm their share rights by providing them with an extract from the Register of the Bank's Shareholders, and obtain information provided by the registrar in accordance with the Russian legislation.

5.5. The Bank's shareholders may alienate their shares without any consent on the part of other shareholders or of the Bank. No preemptive right of the Bank or its shareholders is allowed to acquire shares alienated by Bank's shareholders.

5.6. The Bank's shareholders may request that the Bank buy out all or part of their shares in the manner and in cases stipulated a federal law.

5.7. The Bank's shareholders have a preemptive right to buy additional shares and issue-grade securities convertible into shares, which are placed via public subscription, in the amount proportionate to the amount of shares in the same category held by them, as well as to buy the Bank's newly placed additional shares of a new category (type) and issue-grade securities convertible into them, or additional preferred shares giving priority in terms of dividend payment and issue-grade securities convertible into them in the amount proportionate to the quantity of the Bank's shares held by them.

The Bank's shareholders, who voted against or abstained from voting on the issue of placement via private subscription of shares and issue-grade securities convertible into shares, have a preemptive right to buy additional shares and issue-grade securities convertible into shares, which are placed via private subscription, in the amount proportionate to the amount of shares in the same category (type) held by them, as well as to buy the Bank's newly placed additional shares of a new category (type) and issue-grade securities convertible into them, or additional preferred shares giving priority in terms of dividend payment and issue-grade securities convertible into them in the amount in proportion to the quantity of the Bank's shares held by them and giving them voting rights to decide on the issue of placement of the said securities put to vote.

This right is not applicable to shares and issue-grade securities converted into shares, which are offered through private subscription only among shareholders, if shareholders may acquire a whole number of offered shares and issue-grade securities converted into shares, in proportion to the quantity of shares of the relevant category (type) held by them.

Persons holding the preemptive right to acquire additional shares and equity securities convertible into shares shall be informed in the manner provided for the notification of holding the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The procedure for exercising the preemptive right by shareholders is determined in the legislation of the Russian Federation.

5.8. The Bank's shareholders have the right to obtain information on the Bank's business and inspect its documents in cases and in the manner provided by a federal law and the Bank's Charter.

The Bank's Charter, internal documents approved by the General Shareholder's Meeting, reports published, documents to be provided to the shareholder in preparation for the General Shareholders' Meeting, the Bank's annual report approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting are made available on the official corporate website of the Bank indicated in Cl. 9.16. of this Charter.

5.9. The Bank's shareholders may challenge decisions of the Bank's management bodies entailing civil-law consequences in cases and according to the procedure stipulated by the Russian legislation.

5.10. The Bank's shareholders acting on behalf of the Bank may demand compensation for losses incurred by the Bank.

5.11. The Bank's shareholders acting on behalf of the Bank may challenge transactions settled by it on the grounds stipulated in a federal law, and demand to apply consequences of their invalidity, as well as to apply consequences of invalidity of void transactions of the Bank.

5.12. The Bank's shareholders have other rights as stipulated under the legislation of the Russian Federation and subject to this Charter.

Shareholders the rights to shares of which are registered with a nominee holder, shall use their rights considering the specifics of the Russian legislation on securities.

5.13. Authorized shares of the Bank, where such are offered, confer their holders all the rights as provided by federal law and this Charter for holders of the Bank's shares of the relevant category.

5.14. Shareholders shall not disclose confidential information concerning the Bank's activities, including information being its bank, commercial, or official secrets.

5.15. Acquisition of over 30 percent of the Bank's shares shall be effected pursuant to federal law.

5.16. The Bank's shareholders and nominees of the Bank's shares shall comply with the requirements to provide information and documents to a registrar maintaining the register of security holders according to the rules of register maintenance.

Should the shareholder provide no information on changes in his/her data, the Bank and the registrar shall bear no responsibility for damages incurred in connection therewith.

5.17. The Bank's shareholders shall participate in the generation of the Bank's property in the required amount according to the procedure, in the manner and within the period provided for by the legislation of the Russian Federation or the Bank's Charter.

5.18. The Bank's shareholders shall avoid actions deliberately aimed to cause damage to the Bank.

5.19. The Bank's shareholders shall avoid actions (inaction) that materially hinder or make impossible the achievement of the goals for which the Bank was founded.

The Bank's shareholders shall participate in making corporate decisions without which the Bank can not continue its activity in accordance with the law, if such participation is necessary to make such decisions.

5.21. The Bank's shareholders have other obligations as stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation and this Charter.

Chapter 6. Profit of the Bank. Reserve Fund. Dividends

6.1. The Bank has full economic independence in profit distribution after taxation (net profit).

6.2. Net profit is determined in the manner stipulated under the legislation of the Russian Federation. As resolved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, net profit is distributed among shareholders in the form of dividends, and is used to form the Reserve Fund. Net profit as of the end of the financial year, which is not used to pay dividends or to form the Reserve Fund, shall be available to the Bank as retained earnings.

6.3. The Bank forms the Reserve Fund according to the Russian legislation in an amount not less than 5 percent of the authorized capital.

The Bank's Reserve Fund is formed through annual deductions in an amount not less than 5 percent of net profit, to achieve the established amount.

The Reserve Fund is used in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, as decided by the Supervisory Board of the Bank.

6.4. Based on results of the first quarter, first half, nine months of a financial year and/or results of a financial year, the Bank is entitled to adopt resolutions on paying (declare) dividends on placed shares, unless otherwise is stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

Resolutions on dividend payment, the date as of which persons eligible for dividend payments are determined, and dividend amounts are adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders subject to recommendations of the Bank's Supervisory Board. Dividends may not exceed the amount recommended by the Bank's Supervisory Board.

6.5. Dividends are paid to persons entitled to such dividends in the manner and within the time limit established by federal law.

Chapter 7. Safeguarding Interests of the Bank's Clients

7.1. The Bank pays insurance contributions to the Mandatory Individual Deposit Insurance Fund by transferring funds in the manner established by federal law.

The Bank deposits a part of funds raised into mandatory provisions with the Bank of Russia, in the amount and in the manner determined by the Bank, in accordance with the rules and standards established by the Bank.

7.2. The Bank guarantees that it will keep secret operations, accounts and deposits of its clients and correspondents.

The Bank provides information and documents related to accounts, deposits, and operations of clients in the cases and in the manner established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

7.3. Funds and other valuables of legal entities and individuals that are available on accounts, deposits or in escrow with the Bank, as well as balance of electronic money may be seized or recovered only in the manner stipulated by federal laws.

7.4. All employees of the Bank must observe strict secrecy in respect of operations, accounts and deposits of the Bank's clients and correspondents, including the commercial secret of the Bank.

7.5. The list of information constituting the Bank's commercial secret is drawn up subject to Russian law and in line with the Bank's policy on confidential information protection determined by the Executive Board of the Bank.

Chapter 8. Accounting and Reporting

8.1. The Bank maintains record keeping and submits accounting (financial) and other statements according to the procedure stipulated by the Russian legislation and international financial reporting standards.

8.2. The Bank's annual report shall be approved by the Supervisory Board of the Bank at least 30 days prior to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

8.3. The Bank provides obligatory information disclosure to the extent and in the manner established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

8.4. The Bank disclose information about the Bank in accordance with the Russian law.

8.5. The financial year of the Bank starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st.

8.6. The Bank and its branches are obliged to keep documents in the manner and within the time limit established by the Russian law.

Documents of the Bank and its branches are transferred for governmental keeping in the manner stipulated under the legislation of the Russian Federation.

8.7. Executive bodies of the Bank are responsible for the reliability of information contained in the Bank's reports.

Chapter 9. General Meeting of Shareholders

9.1. The General Meeting of Shareholders is the supreme management body of Sberbank of Russia.

9.2. The following matters are within the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders:

- 1) making amendments to the Bank's Charter or approving to the new version of the Charter
- 2) reorganization of the Bank
- 3) liquidation of the Bank, appointment of a liquidation committee, and approval of intermediary and final liquidation balance sheets
- 4) election of the Bank's Supervisory Board members and early termination of their powers

5) determination of the quantity, nominal value, category (type) of the declared shares, and the rights vested in such shares

6) increase of the authorized capital by raising the nominal value of shares

7) increase of the authorized capital by offering additional shares through private placement

8) increase in the authorized capital by public offering of additional shares if the number of shares in the additional public offering is over 25 percent of ordinary shares previously placed by the Bank

9) increase in the authorized capital by public offering of additional shares if the number of shares in the additional public offering does not exceed 25 percent of ordinary shares previously placed by the Bank, and the Bank's Supervisory Board has failed to reach unanimity on this matter

10) making a private offering of bonds convertible into ordinary shares and other issue-grade securities convertible into ordinary shares

11) public offering of bonds convertible into ordinary shares and other issue-grade securities convertible into ordinary shares which amount to over 25 percent of ordinary shares previously placed by the Bank

12) reducing the Bank's authorized capital by lowering the nominal value of shares, or through the Bank's acquiring a part of shares to diminish the total number of shares, or by redeeming the shares acquired or repurchased by the Bank

13) appointing an auditor of the Bank

14) paying out (declaring) dividends based on the performance of the first quarter, six months, and nine months of the reporting year

15) approving the annual report and distributing profit (including the payment (declaration) of dividends other than the profit distributed as dividends for the first quarter, six months, and nine months of the reporting year) and losses of the Bank for the reporting year

16) establishing the procedure for the General Meeting of Shareholders

17) splitting and consolidating shares, and offering issue-grade securities by conversion

18) adopting resolutions on consent to effect related-party transactions or on their subsequent approval where required by federal law

19) adopting resolutions on consent to effect large transactions or on their subsequent approval where required by federal law.

20) adopting resolutions to become members of associations and other alliances of commercial entities

21) approving the Bank's internal documents: Regulations on the General Meeting of Shareholders; Regulations on the Supervisory Board of the Bank; Regulations on the Executive Board, Regulations on Remuneration and Compensation Payable to the Members of the Supervisory Board of the Bank

22) adopting resolutions on submitting an application for delisting of the Bank's shares and (or) the Bank's issue-grade securities convertible into its shares

23) resolution of other matters stipulated by federal law and the Charter.

9.3. The matters in the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders may not be passed for resolution to the Bank's executive bodies, except as otherwise provided by federal law.

The matters falling under the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders may not be passed for resolution to the Bank's Supervisory Board, except to the extent as required by federal law.

9.4. Resolutions on matters provided in sub-clauses 2, 6-12, 17-21, clause 9.2 of this Charter shall be adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders only at the suggestion of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

9.5. The General Meeting of Shareholders is not entitled to consider or make decisions on matters outside its cognizance as per federal law.

9.6. The General Meeting of Shareholders is not entitled to make decisions on matters that are not included in the agenda of the Meeting, or to change the agenda.

Each matter put to a vote can only be resolved by a separate (independent) resolution.

9.7. The Chairman of the Bank's Supervisory Board, or, in its absence, one of its deputies, or one of the members of the Supervisory Board, as decided upon by the Bank's Supervisory Board, shall preside over the General Meeting of Shareholders.

9.8. The Bank holds Annual General Meetings of Shareholders to resolve matters concerning election of the Bank's Supervisory Board, approval of the Bank's auditor, approval of the annual report, and distribution

of profits including payment (declaring) of dividends as of the end of a financial year, and other matters within the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

9.9. General Meeting of Shareholders (when conducted in the form of a joint presence of shareholders to discuss the items on the agenda of the Meeting and making decisions on the items to be voted on) is conducted in the city of Moscow or another city defined by the Supervisory Board of the Bank when deciding on matters relating to the holding of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

General Meeting of Shareholders shall be held not earlier than 2 months and not later than 6 months after the end of the financial year of the Bank.

When holding the General Meeting of Shareholders in the form of a physical meeting, it is allowed to use information and communication technologies supporting the option of remote participation in the General Meeting of Shareholders, discussion of issues on the agenda and decision-making on items put to vote, without presence at the place of holding the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The possibility of remote participation in the General Meeting of Shareholders, filling in of the electronic form of ballots on the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network shall be approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board when addressing the matters related to preparations for the General Meeting of Shareholders. The address of the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network where shareholders may be registered for participation in the General Meeting of Shareholders, as well as where the electronic form of ballots may be filled in shall be approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board and be specified in the notification on holding the General Meeting of Shareholders.

9.10. Shareholder(s) holding in the aggregate at least 2 percent of voting shares may submit items to the agenda of the annual General Meeting of Shareholders and nominate candidates to the Bank's Supervisory Board, whose number may not exceed the number of members of the respective body. Such proposals shall be submitted to the Bank within 75 days after the end of the Bank's reporting year.

9.11. Proposals on submitting items to the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders and nominating candidates shall be made specifying the name of shareholders (shareholder) submitting them, amount, and category of shares held by such shareholders and must be signed by the shareholders (shareholder) or their representatives.

Shareholders whose rights to shares are registered with a nominal holder may submit items to the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders and nominate candidates also by giving instructions (orders) to the person registering their rights to shares in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation.

9.12. A proposal for submitting items to the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall contain the wording of each proposed item, and the proposal on nominating candidates must contain the information on the candidate as stipulated by federal law. A proposal for submitting items to the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders may contain the wording of resolutions on each item.

9.13. In the event that the proposal for submitting items to the agenda is made by a shareholder whose share rights are registered with a nominee, such proposal shall be accompanied by the statement of the shareholder's custody account held with the depository.

9.14. The Bank's Supervisory Board shall consider the proposal made, and decide to include such proposal in the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders or to deny such inclusion within 5 days of termination of the timing established by this Charter.

9.15. The reasoned decision of the Supervisory Board to deny inclusion of an item proposed by the shareholder (or shareholders) in the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders, or inclusion of a candidate in the list of candidates for voting on election to the Supervisory Board of the Bank shall be sent to the shareholder (or shareholders) having proposed the inclusion of such item in the agenda or such candidate within the time limit envisaged by the Russian law.

9.16. The notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be published in the newspaper Rossiyskaya Gazeta and made available on the Bank's official corporate website (www.sberbank.com – the Bank's website) at least 30 days prior to the date of the Meeting.

9.17. The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders is held by resolution of the Supervisory Board of the Bank at its own initiative, a request of an auditor, as well as by holders (holder) of at least 10 percent of the bank's voting shares as of the date of submitting such a request.

9.18. Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders convened at request of an auditor or shareholder(s) holding at least 10 percent of the Bank's voting shares, shall be held during 40 calendar days from the moment of submission of the request to hold Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

9.19. If the agenda proposed for the extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders contains the election of the Bank's Supervisory Board, such Meeting shall be held within 70 days of submission of the relevant requirement or decision made by the Bank's Supervisory Board on holding such Meeting. The notice of the Meeting shall be published in the time established by federal law.

Shareholders (or shareholder) holding collectively at least 2 percent of voting shares of the Bank may propose candidates for election to the Bank's Supervisory Board, but their number shall not exceed the number of members of the Bank's Supervisory Board. Such proposals shall be delivered to the Bank in the time stipulated by Supervisory Board of the Bank.

9.20. Shareholders' proposals concerning the agenda of the extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders and candidates for the Bank's Supervisory Board are finalized and considered by the Bank's Supervisory Board in the manner and within the time limit set out in clauses 9.11 to 9.15 of this section of the Charter.

9.21. The list of persons entitled to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders is made according to the Russian law on securities in order to make a list of persons realizing their rights granted by securities as of the date set by the Supervisory Board of the Bank in accordance with federal law.

9.22. A shareholder may vote in person or by proxy.

9.23. The General Meeting of Shareholders is duly constituted if it has been attended by shareholders having collectively over a half of votes of the placed voting shares. Shareholders registered for participation in the General Meeting of Shareholders, including on the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network specified in the notification on holding the General Meeting of Shareholders, as well as shareholders whose ballots were received or the electronic form of ballots was filled in on the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network specified in such notification within two days before the date of holding the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be deemed to have attended the General Meeting of Shareholders. Shareholders whose voting ballots were received or the electronic form of ballots was filled in on the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network specified in the notification on holding the General Meeting of Shareholders before the final date of acceptance of ballots shall be deemed to have attended the General Meeting of Shareholders held in the form of absentee voting.

9.24. The voting on the items of the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be performed through the voting ballots.

Voting ballots are sent by unregistered mail or handed over against signature to each person specified in the list of persons entitled to attend the General Meeting of Shareholders, at least 20 days prior to the date of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Persons entitled to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders may fill in the electronic form of voting ballots on the website in the Internet information and telecommunication network specified in the notification on holding the General Meeting of Shareholders. The electronic form of ballots on the said website may be filled in by shareholders in the course of the General Meeting of Shareholders if they have not exercised their right to participate in such meeting in another way.

9.25. Voting during the General Meeting of Shareholders is on a "one vote per voting share" basis, except cumulative voting.

9.26. A resolution made by the General Meeting of Shareholders is accepted by a majority vote of the holders of voting shares attending the General Meeting of Shareholders, unless otherwise stated in federal law.

9.27. Resolutions on matters stipulated in sub-clauses 1 to 3, 5, 7, 8, 10-11, 19, 22, clause 9.2 of the Charter shall be adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders by three fourths of votes cast by the holders of voting shares attending the General Meeting of Shareholders, unless otherwise stated in federal law.

9.28. Functions of the Counting Commission are performed by the registrar under an agreement concluded with the Bank.

The registrar checks powers and registers persons attending the General Meeting of Shareholders, determines quorum for the General Meeting of Shareholders, clarifies questions arising in connection with voting rights exercised by shareholders (or their representatives) during the General Meeting of Shareholders, clarifies the voting procedure for matters put to a vote, ensures the voting procedure established and shareholders' rights to participate in voting, counts the votes and summarizes vote returns, compiles the report on vote returns, and transfers voting ballots for archiving.

9.29. Decisions taken by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the voting results can be announced by the Counting committee at the General Meeting of Shareholders at which the vote was held, and the Bank shall also notify persons included in the list of persons entitled to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders on such decisions and results in the form of a report on the results of the vote pursuant to the procedure established by the Charter of the Bank for the notice of convening of a General Meeting of Shareholders, within 4 working days after the closing date of the Meeting or the deadline for the submission of ballots (if the General Meeting of Shareholders was held in the form of absentee vote).

Resolutions adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders shall also be disclosed by the Bank by posting the Minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders on the Bank's website.

9.30. Should provisions of the Charter be inconsistent with the Bank's internal documents approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, provisions of the Charter shall prevail.

Chapter 10. Supervisory Board of the Bank

10.1. The Bank's Supervisory Board performs overall management of the Bank's activity, except for resolution of matters referred to the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders under this Charter.

10.2. The competence of the Bank's Supervisory Board cover the following matters:

1) determining priority areas for activities of the Bank, including sustainable development, social and environmental responsibility, and corporate governance; approving the Development Strategy of the Bank

2) convening the annual and extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, save where the right to convene and hold the General Meeting of Shareholders is given to bodies and persons in accordance with federal law

3) approving the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders

4) setting the date of determining (fixing) persons entitled to attend the General Meeting of Shareholders and other matters referred to the competence of the Bank's Supervisory Board in accordance with federal law and associated with the preparation for and holding of the General Meeting of Shareholders

5) approval of annual accounting (financial) statements of the Bank;

6) increasing the Bank's authorized capital by issuing additional shares at the expense of the Bank's property within the number of declared shares established by the Charter

7) increasing the Bank's authorized capital by public offering of additional shares within the number of declared shares if the number of additionally offered shares is not more than 25 percent of ordinary shares previously placed by the Bank

8) issuing additional shares into which the preferred shares of a certain type previously issued by the Bank and convertible into ordinary shares or preferred shares of other types are converted, unless such offering is required by an increase in the Bank's authorized capital;

9) placement of bonds and other issue-grade securities, except for shares, in instances envisaged under federal law

10) public offering of bonds convertible into ordinary shares and other issue-grade securities convertible into ordinary shares and amounting to not more than 25 percent of ordinary shares previously placed by the Bank

11) acquiring shares, bonds, and other securities issued by the Bank where required by federal law

12) election of the Bank's CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board and early termination of their powers

13) setting up the Bank's Executive Board, electing the Executive Board members, appointing the Deputy Chairmen of the Executive Board, including vice deputies, from among the candidates proposed by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, and early terminating the powers of such officers

14) making recommendations for the amount of the dividend on shares and for the record date when persons entitled to dividends are to be determined

15) approving the Bank's internal documents, including the Policy on Organizing Internal Control, the Regulations on the Internal Audit Office, the Regulations on the Corporate Secretary, the Corporate Governance Code, the Code of Corporate Ethics, the Regulations on Dividend Policy, the Regulations on the Reserve Fund, Funds for Payment of Dividends and Retained Earnings, the Policy on Conflict of Interest Management, the Policy on Social and Environmental Responsibility, Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development, and other internal documents of the Bank subject to approval by the Supervisory Board pursuant to the applicable legislation, the Bank's Charter, or the Regulations on the Supervisory Board of the Bank

16) opening and closing of branches and representative offices of the Bank

17) adopting resolutions on consent to effect large transactions or on their subsequent approval where required by federal law.

18) adopting resolutions on consent to effect related-party transactions or on their subsequent approval where required by federal law

19) determining the procedure for transactions with related parties

20) approving the Bank's registrar and the terms of their engagement and adopting a resolution to terminate the engagement;

21) adopting resolutions on the responsibilities assigned to the members of the Supervisory Board, establishing committees of the Supervisory Board for specific matters of the Bank's activities; approving regulations on the committees of the Supervisory Board; appointing the heads and members of the committees and suspending their authority, hearing reports from the Chairmen of the committees of the Supervisory Board on the activities of their committees; assessing their own work and presenting work results to the General Meeting of Shareholders

22) appointing a Head of the Bank's Internal Audit Service; approving the annual work plan of the Bank's Internal Audit Service; reviewing reports provided by the Internal Audit Service on the execution of the work plan and on the Bank inspection findings; evaluating, based on reports provided by the Internal Audit Service, the compliance by the Bank's executive bodies with strategies and procedures approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board

23) approving the Bank's risk and capital management strategy, including the terms of ensuring the capital adequacy and liquidity to cover risks both for the Bank as a whole and for separate lines of its business, approving the procedure for managing the most significant risks, and monitoring the implementation of this procedure;

24) approving the procedure for applying banking risk management methods and quantitative risk assessment models

25) approving the procedure for preventing conflicts of interest, the Financial Stability Recovery Plan in case of substantial deterioration of the Bank's financial standing, a plan of actions intended to ensure continuous activities and/or recovery of the Bank's activities in case of abnormal or emergency situations

26) periodic hearing of reports submitted by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, on the Bank's activity. The procedure for submitting reports by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, on the Bank's activities is determined by the Supervisory Board;

27) approving the terms and conditions of agreements signed by the Bank and CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, the members of the Bank's Executive Board, including determining amounts of their remuneration and compensation, and approval of the Bank's HR Policy and the Bank's Labor Remuneration Policy

28) appointing and dismissing the Bank's corporate secretary and monitoring of the Bank's corporate governance practice

29) determining the amount of payment for the auditor services

30) filing an application for the listing of the Bank's shares and/or issue grade securities of the Bank that are convertible into the Bank's shares

31) passing a decision on refusing to have interest paid by the Bank on subordinated debt (deposits, loans, bonded loans), the terms and conditions of which provide for the corresponding right of the Bank
32) other matters stipulated under Russian law and the Charter.

10.3. Members of the Bank's Supervisory Board are elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders in the manner provided by federal law and this Charter to act until the following Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. If the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders has not been held within the time period envisaged by federal law and this Charter, powers of the Bank's Supervisory Board shall terminate, except for powers to prepare, convene and hold the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Members of the Supervisory Board shall meet the qualification requirements and business reputation requirements established by the Russian legislation.

10.4. The Bank's Supervisory Board consists of 14 members.

10.5. Members of the Bank's Supervisory Board may be represented only by individuals. Persons elected members of the Bank's Supervisory Board may be re-elected an indefinite number of times.

10.6. Executive Board members may constitute up to a fourth of the membership of the Bank's Supervisory Board. The person acting as CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, and members of the Executive Board may not simultaneously act as a Chairperson of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.7. Members of the Bank's Supervisory Board are elected by cumulative voting.

10.8. In the event of cumulative voting, the number of votes owned by each shareholders shall be multiplied by the number of persons to be elected to the Supervisory Board of the Bank, and a shareholder may either cast all votes, to which he/she is thus entitled, for one candidate or distribute these votes among two or more candidates.

10.9. Candidates having most votes are elected members of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.10. As decided by the General Meeting of Shareholders, powers of members of the Bank's Supervisory Board may be terminated early.

The resolution adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders for early termination of powers may be taken only in respect of all members of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.11. The Bank's Supervisory Board is headed by the Chairperson to be elected by members of the Bank's Supervisory Board from among such members by a majority vote of the total number of members of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.12. Meetings of the Bank's Supervisory Board are convened by its Chairperson on his/her own initiative, as required by any member of the Bank's Supervisory Board, auditor, head of the Bank's Internal Audit Service, Executive Board of the Bank, as well as CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank.

The procedure for convening and holding meetings of the Bank's Supervisory Board is established by this Charter, the Regulations on the Bank's Supervisory Board, and Regulations for Meetings of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.13. Quorum required to hold a meeting of the Bank's Supervisory Board is at least fifty percent of the elected members of the Bank's Supervisory Board. Where the number of members of the Bank's Supervisory Board falls below the quorum specified, the Bank's Supervisory Board must resolve to hold an extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to elect new members of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.14. In case of determination of quorum presence and voting results, the written opinion expressed by the member of the Bank's Supervisory Board who is not present during the Meeting is taken into account when the resolution is adopted. Such written opinion of the absent member of the Bank's Supervisory Board shall be delivered to the Bank not later than the day preceding the date of the meeting held by the Bank's Supervisory Board in presentio.

10.15. Resolutions are adopted during meetings of the Bank's Supervisory Board by a majority vote of the Supervisory Board members participating in the meeting, except as stipulated under federal law and this Charter.

10.16. Resolutions to increase the authorized capital, and to give consent to or subsequent approval for large transactions are adopted unanimously by all members of the Bank's Supervisory Board; in such case, votes of members withdrawn from the Bank's Supervisory Board are not counted.

In the event that unanimity is not achieved by the Bank's Supervisory Board in the consideration of the matters specified, such matters can be referred to the General Meeting of Shareholders as resolved by the Bank's Supervisory Board. In this case, the resolution is adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority vote cast by the holders of voting shares attending the General Meeting of Shareholders.

10.17. Resolutions on the matters specified in sub-clauses 1 and 30, clause 10.2 of the Charter, as well the following matters:

- approval of the Regulation on Dividend Policy
- determination of price (monetary estimate) for the property of the transaction
- adopting recommendations on the amount of dividends for the Bank's shares
- adopting recommendations on proposed to the Bank voluntary or mandatory offer
- submission to the Shareholders' Meetings of items related to amendments to the Charter or approval

of the revised Charter, delisting of shares and/or securities of the Bank convertible into shares, consent for or subsequent approval of major transactions, increasing or decreasing the authorized capital, reorganization or liquidation of the Bank are adopted the Bank's Supervisory Board by at least three fourths of the votes; votes of members withdrawn from the Bank's Supervisory Board are not counted.

10.18 Each member of the Bank's Supervisory Board has a single vote. In the event of a tied vote, the casting vote is cast by the Chairperson of the Bank's Supervisory Board. No member of the Bank's Supervisory Board may assign his/her voting right to any other person including any other member of the Bank's Supervisory Board.

10.19 Supervisory Board resolutions may be adopted during meetings in presentio (where members of the Supervisory Board attend the meeting collectively) or through absentee voting (polling).

10.20 Members of the Bank's Supervisory Board are obliged to ensure non-disclosure of confidential details of the Bank, its transactions, operations, clients, correspondents, partners, and any other information that represents a bank, commercial, and official secret, with which they have become familiar.

Chapter 11. Executive Bodies of the Bank

11.1. The Bank's current operations are managed by CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, and the Bank's Executive Board.

11.2. CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, and the Bank's Executive Board are accountable to the Bank's Supervisory Board and General Meeting of Shareholders.

11.3. Rights and obligations of CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, and Executive Board members are determined in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, subject to this Charter and the agreement concluded by the Bank with each of them under terms and conditions approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board (standard form of agreement).

The agreement concluded with CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board is signed, on behalf of the Bank, by the Chairperson of the Bank's Supervisory Board or by the person duly authorized by the Bank's Supervisory Board, and agreements with the Board members are signed by CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board.

11.4. The Bank's Supervisory Board may at any time resolve to terminate powers of the Executive Board members ahead of time.

11.5. The competence of the Bank's Executive Board includes matters of management of the Bank's daily activities, save for the matters falling within the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Supervisory Board of the Bank.

11.6. Pursuant to its responsibilities, the Executive Board of the Bank:

1) discusses in advance the issues to be considered by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Supervisory Board of the Bank, including the annual report and annual accounting (financial) statements of the Bank; prepares relevant draft resolutions thereupon; and ensures implementation of resolutions passed by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Supervisory Board of the Bank;

2) reviews and approves reports submitted by the heads of units of the Bank's Central Head Office and heads of regional banks, branches and representative offices of the Bank on their activities in relevant periods and performance results in specific areas of banking activities;

3) creates conditions for effective implementation of the risk management policy of the Bank and organizes the risk management process in the Bank;

4) ensures technological development of the Bank; organizes integration of most advanced banking technologies into operations of the Bank's units; ensures implementation of projects for all-round automation of banking processes; builds a modern banking infrastructure; organizes creation of efficient information communication and exchange systems;

5) ensures development of the Bank's branch network and the Bank's network of separate business units, their technological improvement and enhancement of the quality of the services they provide

6) adopts resolutions on the participation and termination of participation, including the change of the participatory interest of the Bank in other entities, except for entities the participation and termination of participation in which is referred to the competence of other management bodies of the Bank by federal law or the present Charter

7) implements the strategy and policy of the Bank concerning the organization and implementation of internal control, considers the state of accounting and reporting, materials and results of periodic assessment of the Bank's internal control efficiency, organizes creation of a system of control over elimination of identified violations and drawbacks of the internal control and mitigation measures, hears reports of heads of branches and other separate units of the Bank following assessment and inspection of their activities, and makes decisions on these matters

8) controls compliance with federal laws and other laws and regulations by the Bank's units, controls consistency of the Bank's activities with internal documents, including those determining the procedure for internal control, and assesses correspondence of their content to the nature and scale of the Bank's transactions

9) establishes the system of remuneration in the Bank

10) approves candidates for chairpersons of regional banks, approves dismissal of chairpersons of regional banks; considers proposals on recommending the Bank's most distinguished employees for state awards of the Russian Federation

11) approves internal documents regulating the Bank's daily activities, including those that determine the Bank's policy in different lines of business, management of bank risks, activities of the Bank's collegial working bodies, except for the internal documents the approval of which is in the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Supervisory Board of the Bank

12) adopts resolutions on creation and termination of collegial working bodies of the Bank, including the Bank's panels, commissions and committees, approves regulations on them and establishes their functions, including those related to approval of the Bank's internal documents

13) approves regulations on the Bank's branches and representative offices, introduces changes to them, adopts resolutions on the change of the status and name of branches

14) adopts resolutions on the appointment of temporary administration or an authorized representative of the Bank to manage the branch (regional bank and branch)

15) considers and resolves other matters related to the Bank's activity.

11.7. The procedure for convening and holding meetings of the Executive Board, quorum for meetings, number of votes required to adopt a resolution are established by the Provision on the Bank's Executive Board and Regulations for the Bank's Executive Board Activities.

11.8. CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board is elected by the Supervisory Board for 4 years.

11.9. The Supervisory Board may at any time resolve to terminate the powers of CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board.

11.10. CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank heads the Bank's Executive Board and organizes its work, chairs the meetings of the Executive Board, signs minutes of the meetings of the Executive Board of the Bank.

11.11. The competence of the Bank's CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board comprises all matters related to the Bank's current operations, including the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board:

1) ensures the implementation of the Bank's Development Strategy and resolutions adopted by the General Meetings of Shareholders and the Supervisory Board of the Bank

2) submits proposals to the Supervisory Board of the Bank on the number and membership of the Executive Board of the Bank, including on the candidates to First Deputy Chairmen of the Executive Board, Deputy Chairmen of the Executive Board

3) ensures reviewing by the Executive Board annual report, annual accounting (financial) reports, proposals on appropriation of profits

4) disposes the Bank's property in the limits established in the Russian legislation and the Charter

5) distributes duties among first deputy chairpersons and deputy chairpersons of the Executive Board

6) represents the Bank with full authority in state and local authorities, in relations with individuals and legal entities, and also carry out transactions and other legal actions on behalf of the Bank both within the Russian Federation and abroad

7) approves the Bank's internal documents not included into the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders, Supervisory Board and Executive Board

8) exercises in relation to the Bank's employees rights and duties of employer set forth by the labor legislation, apply measures of reward and punishment to employees

9) enters into, amends, and terminates employment agreements with workers of the Head Office, heads of branches, representative offices of the Bank under the established nomenclature

10) exercises on the Bank's behalf of the rights and obligations of the founder, shareholder, interest holder in legal entities where the Bank has ownership interest

11) approves the organizational structure, staff schedule and arrangement of official salaries, provisions on structural business units of the Bank's head office, and the staff schedule of the Bank's representative offices

12) approves quarterly report on securities

13) approves a summary report on the issue (additional issue) of issue-grade securities

14) reviews reports, opinions, applications and other documents prepared by the Bank's internal control bodies and, when needed, implementation of prompt measures aimed at eliminating revealed violations and fulfilling recommendations

15) Adopts resolutions on the opening date of bonds offering, on purchasing bonds upon bondholders' demand and(or) upon agreement with bondholders, on stipulating bond yield; determines the payment price for bonds not convertible into the Bank's shares or stipulates the procedure for its determination, as well as adopts resolutions on other bond circulation issues not included by law into the terms of reference of other management bodies of the Bank;

16) stipulates the procedure for handling confidential information, including information classified as the Bank's commercial secret, and of the liability for violating such procedure

17) addresses other matters related to day-to-day activities of the Bank, that do not come in the competence of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Supervisory Board, or the Executive Board of the Bank.

11.12. The CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank has the right to delegate other separate official powers, and entrust the temporary execution of his obligations to his subordinates.

The person acting as CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, shall act on the basis of this Charter and a relevant order of CEO, Chairman of the Board.

11.13. CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank effects transactions on the Bank's behalf within the limits established by the Executive Board of the Bank.

CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank issues orders and gives instructions obligatory for all employees of the Bank.

CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank may issue Powers of Attorney to other persons.

11.14. First deputies of Chairman of the Executive Board, deputies of Chairman of the Executive Board issue directives, and effect transactions based on a Power of Attorney issued by CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, and conclude agreements on behalf of the Bank in accordance with the functional distribution of obligations and within the amounts specified by the Bank's Executive Board.

11.15. The Bank's Executive Board considers effecting transactions with amounts exceeding limits established by the Bank's Board for CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, first deputies of Chairman of the Executive Board, and deputies of Chairman of the Executive Board.

Chapter 12. Major Transactions of the Bank

12.1. Major transactions are determined by federal law, and are effected in the manner established thereby.

12.2. A resolution to give consent to or on subsequent approval of a major transaction where the subject is property, the cost of which ranges from 25 to 50 percent of the book value of the Bank's assets, is adopted by all members of the Bank's Supervisory Board unanimously; in such case, votes of members withdrawn from the Bank's Supervisory Board are not counted.

12.3. A resolution to give consent to or on subsequent approval of a major transaction where the subject is property, the cost of which exceeds 50 percent of the book value of the Bank's assets, is adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority vote, i.e. three fourths of votes cast by the holders of voting shares attending the Meeting.

Chapter 13. Related-Party Transactions of the Bank

13.1. Decisions to agree to a related-party transaction shall be made in accordance with federal law.

13.2. Related-party transactions before execution may require preliminary approval of the Supervisory Board of the Bank or the General Meeting of Shareholders, in accordance with the law, by request of the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, a member of the Executive Board, a member of the Supervisory Board, or a holder(s) of at least one percent of voting shares of the Bank.

The Bank must inform the Bank's Supervisory Board and Executive Board members about a related-party transaction, as well as shareholders—if all members of the Bank's Supervisory Board are interested in the transaction—by publishing the notice on the Bank's official corporate website (www.sberbank.com) not later than 15 days before the date of the related-party transaction.

13.3. The resolution on approval of a related-party transaction is adopted by the Bank's Supervisory Board by a majority vote cast by directors who have no interest in the transaction and who are not and have not been for a year preceding the resolution:

- 1) the CEO and Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank
- 2) a person controlling the Bank or a person entitled to give binding instructions to the Bank.

13.4. In instances stipulated under federal law, a resolution on consent to effect a related-party transaction is adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority vote of holders of voting shares who have no interest in the transaction and are not controlled persons interested in the transaction.

Chapter 14. Organizational structure of the Bank

14.1. The Bank's branches (regional banks, divisions) operate on the basis of provisions approved by the Bank's Executive Board, and have seals with the Bank's emblem (logo) and details set out in regulations of the Bank of Russia, and other seals and stamps.

Seals and letterhead stamps, letterheads and sign-boards may specify the Bank's (branch's) name in Russian, languages of ethnicities living in the Russian Federation and (or) foreign languages.

14.2. The Bank vests its branches with property.

14.3. In case of closure of the Bank's branch or change of its status or address, the Bank shall notify thereof all creditors of the Bank receiving services in such branch, including foreign customers, by publishing a relevant notification in the mass media, posting a message on the Bank's official corporate website in the Internet, as well as by placing a message in the office of such branch and in all its internal structural units in places accessible for customers.

14.4. The Bank's branches (regional banks) are headed by Chairpersons appointed by CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank, and branches (departments) are headed by executives appointed as per list predetermined. The Bank's branches have their own collegial bodies: executive board of the regional bank – as decided by the Executive Board of the Bank, and the board of the branch – as decided by the executive board regional bank, to which the branch and other collegial bodies (commissions, committees) are subordinated. The collegial bodies of the branches act based on the regulations approved by the Executive Board of the Bank.

14.5. Chairpersons of regional banks and department executives act on the basis of Powers of Attorney.

Activities including employment and dismissal of branch personnel, and conclusion of employment agreements with such personnel are performed by Heads of branches as per an established nomenclature.

14.6. Internal structural units of a regional bank are opened or closed, re-located or re-subordinated as ordered by the head of the regional bank; internal structural units of a branch – as ordered by the head of the branch; internal structural units of the Central Head Office – as ordered by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank.

Chapter 15. Monitoring of the Financial and Economic Activities of the Bank

15.1. In order to check and verify reliability of accounting (financial) statements, compiled in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, and financial statements drawn up in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), the Bank commissions audit organizations performing audit activities pursuant to the legislation of the Russian Federation and subject to the International Auditing Standards.

15.2. The audit organization is recommended to the General Meeting of Shareholders by the Bank's Supervisory Board based on a tender held to select audit organizations in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, this Charter and internal documents of the Bank.

15.3. The audit organization may not disclose confidential details of the Bank, its transactions, operations, clients, correspondents, partners, and any other information that represents a banking, commercial and official secret, with which it has become familiar during inspections.

Chapter 16. Internal control in the Bank

16.1. The Bank provides internal controls in accordance with the laws of the Russian Federation and rules and procedures established by the Bank to ensure:

- effective and efficient financial and business activities when performing banking operations and other transactions, efficient management of both assets and liabilities, including asset integrity and bank risk management

- the accuracy, completeness, objectivity, and timeliness in preparing and submitting the financial, accounting, statistical, and other reports (for internal and external users) as well as the information security (protection of the interests (goals) of the Bank in the information area, which is an aggregate of information, information infrastructure, entities that collect, prepare, distribute, and use information, and the systems for regulating the relations arising in this process)

- compliance with the Russian law, standards of self-regulating organizations, this Charter and internal documents of the Bank

- prevention of involvement of the Bank or its employees in unlawful activities, including legalization (laundering) of proceeds from criminal activities, financing of terrorism, and financing of weapons of mass destruction proliferation; and ensuring timely submission of appropriate details to governmental bodies and the Bank of Russia in accordance with Russian law

16.2. Internal controls in the Bank subject to powers established by this Charter and internal documents of the Bank are exercised by:

- 1) the Bank's management bodies as provided by this Charter
- 2) Chief Accountant (and his/her deputies) of the Bank
- 3) Heads (and their deputies) and Chief Accountants (and their deputies) of the Bank's branches
- 4) Internal Audit Department of the Bank
- 5) Internal Controls Office of the Bank
- 6) structural unit (responsible employee) for counteraction of legitimization (laundering) of proceeds from criminal activities and financing of terrorism (AML/CFT controller)
- 7) Inspector of the professional participant of the securities market
- 8) the Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Use of Insider Information
- 9) the Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Market Manipulation

10) other business units and employees of the Bank exercising internal controls within the scope of their powers as defined by the Bank's Charter and internal documents.

Powers of internal control bodies, the procedure for their establishment and functioning are determined by the Russian law, this Charter, and the Bank's internal documents adopted in the manner established by the Bank. The efficiency of internal control is assessed by the Bank's Supervisory Board.

16.3. The Internal Control Service is a group of employees at the Bank's Compliance Division that are not part of a separate business unit and whose job descriptions include the performance of functions stipulated in the Internal Control Service Regulation approved by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank.

The Internal Control Service Regulation determines the goals, objectives, operational principles, functions, organizational structure, subordination and accountability, as well as rights and responsibilities of the Head and employees of the Internal Control Service, and other matters.

16.4. The main functions of the Internal Control Service are:

- identifying and monitoring regulatory risk, i.e. the risk of the Bank suffering losses due to non-compliance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, internal documents of the Bank, standards of self-regulatory organizations and/or application of sanctions and/or other corrective actions by the supervisory bodies

- Recording of events related to regulatory risk, determining the probability of their occurrence, and quantitative assessment of possible consequences

- If necessary, providing recommendations for regulatory risk management to heads of structural units and management bodies of the Bank

- Coordination and participation in development of a set of measures to reduce the regulatory risk level in the Bank

- Identification of conflicts of interest in the Bank's activities and its employees, participation in the development of internal documents aimed at its minimization

- Participation in development of internal documents aimed at combating commercial bribery and corruption

- Participation in development of internal documents and the organization of activities aimed at compliance with the rules of corporate conduct, and standards of professional ethics.

16.5. The Head of the Internal Control Service is appointed and dismissed by CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank.

Number of personnel, structure and material and technical provision of the Internal Control Service is determined by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board according to the character and scale of the operations performed and the level of regulatory risk assumed by the Bank.

16.6. The Internal Control Service operates on a continuous basis, is independent in its activities and has the powers and rights of access to all documents, databases and any information necessary for the performance of its functions under applicable law.

16.7. The Internal Audit Service is the totality of the Bank's structural business units (Internal Audit Division of the Bank's Central Head Office and internal audit divisions in regional banks) that carry out their activities in accordance with the requirements of the legislation and the Regulations on the Bank's Internal Audit Service.

16.8. The Internal Audit Service receives powers to audit all areas of the Bank's activity, including:

- evaluate the effectiveness of the internal control system in general and the implementation of decisions made by the Bank's management bodies

- evaluate the efficiency of the risk and capital management system

- audit internal control processes and procedures, including control over the use of automated information systems, and in particular the integrity of databases, and their protection against unauthorized access and (or) use

- check the efficiency of the method for assessing bank risks and the procedures for management of bank risks established in the Bank

- check the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of accounting and reporting

- check ways (methods) for ensuring preservation of the Bank's property
- evaluate the economic feasibility and efficiency of transactions and other deals performed by the Bank
- assess corporate governance
- other powers according to the legislation, regulations of the Bank of Russia, and the Bank's internal documents.

16.9. The Internal Audit Service reports to Supervisory Board of the Bank and acts under its direct control. The Head of the Internal Audit Service submits to the Supervisory Board reports on implementing work plans approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board and on results of inspections within the Bank, as well as informs the Supervisory Board about identified performance drawbacks in the systems of internal control, risk management, and corporate governance, and about the corrective measures taken.

16.10. The Head of the Internal Audit Service reports to the Bank's Supervisory Board.

The structure and the staff size of the Internal Audit Service shall be approved by the Bank's CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board. The Internal Audit Service carries out its activities independently of other structural units of the Bank.

16.11. The Risk Management Service, the Head of the Risk Management Service shall act based on the Bank's Charter, the Bank's internal documents, including the strategy of risk and Bank's capital management approved by the Bank's Supervisory Board.

16.12. The Bank's Risk Management Service receives the powers to arrange, implement and maintain the risk management system in the Bank, including the following powers:

- to take measures aiming at prevention and (or) mitigation of risk impact on the Bank's financial standing, competitiveness and reputation

- to permanently control the limits restricting the impact of risks on the Bank's financial results

- to forecast the Bank's exposure to various types of risks in future based on different scenarios

- to consolidate information on risks for disclosure purposes;

- to exercise other powers according to the legislation of the Russian Federation, regulations of the Bank of Russia, and the Bank's internal documents.

16.13. The Head of the Bank's Risk Management Service is appointed to the position and dismissed by the Bank's CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board, and exercises his powers in compliance with the legislation, the Bank's Charter and internal documents.

16.14 When appointed to their respective positions and throughout the entire period of exercising their respective powers at these positions, Heads of the Bank's Internal Audit Service, Internal Control Service, Risk Management Service shall comply with the qualification and business reputation requirements stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation and regulations of the Bank of Russia.

16.15. The Rules of Internal Control for Countering the Legalization (Laundering) of Proceeds of Crime, Financing of Terrorism and Financing of Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction are implemented by a specially designated officer of the Bank—the AML/CFT Controller.

The AML/CFT Controller is appointed and dismissed by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank and carries out their activities and is empowered in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, regulatory legal acts and internal documents of the Bank.

The AML/CFT Controller has the following powers:

- to request and receive required executive, accounting and other documents from managers and other employees of the Bank's units;

- copy received documents, receive file copies, copies of any entries in the local computing networks and autonomous computer systems;

- enter the premises of the Bank's business units and rooms used for document storage (archives), electronic data processing (computer rooms) and data storage on electronic media

- give instructions to heads and employees of the Bank's business units related to conducting a transaction, including an order to suspend it for obtaining additional information or verifying available information about a client or a transaction within the time period stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation for carrying out a transaction;

- other powers in accordance with the recommendations of the Bank of Russia and the Bank's internal documents.

16.16 Control over compliance of the activity of the Bank as a professional participant of the securities market with the legislation of the Russian Federation on the securities market, regulations of the Bank of Russia, legislation of the Russian Federation on the protection of rights and legitimate interests of investors on the securities market, legislation of the Russian Federation on advertising, as well as compliance with internal documents of the Bank related to the activities of professional participant on the securities market, is performed by the AML/CFT Controller, who is appointed and dismissed by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank. The AML/CFT Controller operates and is empowered in accordance with the regulations of regulatory bodies and internal documents of the Bank.

16.17. The Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Use of Insider Information and the Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Market Manipulation are appointed and removed by the CEO, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Bank.

The Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Use of Insider Information and the Authorized Officer for Countering Illegitimate Market Manipulation oversee on an ongoing basis the compliance by Bank, its officers, employees and customers of the requirements, restrictions and prohibitions stipulated by Russian law and the Bank's internal organizational and administrative documents to the extent of countering illegitimate use of insider information and market manipulation, including by conducting the necessary inspections.

16.18. The Bank's activities are supervised and monitored by the Bank of Russia and by bodies duly authorized by federal laws and other regulatory legal acts.

Chapter 17. Re-Organization and Liquidation of the Bank

17.1. Liquidation or reorganization of the Bank shall be carried out according to the legislation of the Russian Federation. The Bank may be reorganized in the form of merger, acquisition, division, spinout, and transformation. Liquidation of the Bank is performed on a voluntary basis subject to the decision of the General Meeting of Shareholders or by enforcement subject to the court ruling according to the procedure established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

If after making the decision by the Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders on its liquidation, the Bank of Russia makes a decision subject to Federal Law "On Banks and Banking Activity" to revoke the banking license from the Bank, the decision of the Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders on its liquidation and other related decisions of the Bank's shareholders or decisions of the liquidation commission (liquidator) appointed by the Bank's shareholders become null and void. The Bank is subject to liquidation at the initiative of the Bank of Russia by enforcement according to the procedure stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

17.2. In case of reorganization of the Bank, its rights and obligations pass to its legal successors.

In case of the Bank's reorganization, relevant amendments shall be made to the Unified State Register of Legal Entities; and all the documents with unexpired retention period shall be transferred to the Bank's successor according to the established procedure.

Liquidation entails termination of the Bank's activity without transfer of its rights and obligations by way of universal succession.

17.3. The Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders that made the decision on the Bank's liquidation shall appoint the liquidation commission (liquidator), approve the interim liquidation balance sheet and the liquidation balance sheet of the Bank by agreement with the Bank of Russia. Since the moment of its appointment, all powers for the management of the Bank's affairs are transferred to the liquidation commission.

17.4. The liquidation commission shall submit the documents formed during the activity of the Bank to be deposited in the manner prescribed by federal laws and other regulations of the Russian Federation, in accordance with the list approved by the federal executive body authorized by the government of the Russian Federation and the Bank of Russia, with indication of periods of storage of these documents.

17.5. Liquidation shall be deemed complete and the Bank's activities terminated once the respective entry is introduced into the Unified State Register of Legal Entities by an authorized registration authority.

CEO and Chairman of the Executive Board
of Sberbank